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SKIPS SALVAGED AND REBUILT

Rebuilding of the ES Kornat

The SS Kornat of the Jugoslavenska Slobodna Plovidba (Yugoslav Free Mavigation) has been in service since the end of February 1949, when its overhaul was completed.

In 1944, while the ship was in dock at Liverpool, the dock gate slipped and the water rushed in, seriously damaging the bow, stern, and other parts of the ship. However, as fundamental rebuilding was not considered to be into the interests of the then owners, only the most urgent repairs were made, and the ship sailed home in that condition.

On 26 February 1947, on a voyage from Casablanca to Chent, the ship lost a plate, and water began to enter. The snip continued on to Chent along the coast, while the crow pumped, and stopped the hole with great effort. At Chent, the entire ship was found to be in bed condition. Her oil tanks and engine tanks were useless. Because of a shortage of materials, only the most argent repairs were made. A year later, the "Viktor Lenac" Shippard began to overhaul the Kornst.

The ship has now been completely reconstructed. The tanks under engines and boilers were rebuilt. All ribs were replaced. Most of the plates in the engine room, toiler room, and oil-storage room have been replaced. The boilers were raised and all water pipes and suxiliary engines were removed. Large-scale work was done on the boilers. Comfortable quarters for the crew, with baths, showers, and clothes closets, were built in the sterm. New cabins for the crew have two beds, two chests of drawers, a table, chairs, and other conveniences. Ine spacious mess has a library and chest sets. Each room has substantial wooden furniture. The ship has a new, modern appearance inside and out.

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Salvage of the Cargo Ship Brundusium

In September 1943, the cargo ship Brundusium was sunk by the Italians in Gruz harbor at Dubrovnik. The ship was carrying 900 tons of munitions and various explosive materials when it was sunk.

The difficult and dangerous salvage operations were undertaken by the "Brodospas" (Ship Salvage) Salvage and Towing Enterprise. Volunteer divers first removed the munitions, which were a constant threat to the salvage crews, the city population, and shipping in the port. The divers deposited them in a special basket which had been constructed on the bottom of a barge. The barge was towed by the tug Zrmanja fir out to sea where it was emptied into the sea by means of hand-operated windlasses. On 7 October, after 4 months, the last aircraft bomb was removed from the Brundusium and dumped and work was started on raising the ship.

Some difficulty in pumping out the water was experienced at the lower deck level. Parts of the deck around the cabins had been damaged so that water was admitted into the interior of the ship.

When the Brundusium was finally raised on 13 February, the federal Ministry of Mavigation awarded cash prizes to the salvage crews; including 15,000 dinars to the chief diver, and 12,000, 8,000, and 6,000 dinars to the other three divers, 2,000 to 5,000 dinars each to the 13 members of the salvage crew, and 3,000 dinars each to the six members of the crew of the Zrsanja. Luka Zaputovic, the "Brodospas" official who built the special basket, was awarded 5,000 dinars.

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